## Busting Language Myths

## Today's topics:

- Reading research papers
- Unpacking data graphics

#### Background preparation:

- Kaplan (2016), Ch 2 and Appendix (review)
- Prep questions / Yiakoumetti (2006) data graphic

## 0. Today's objectives

After today's class, you should be able to:

- Determine whether an article is peer-reviewed and/or comes from a reliable source
- Identify where in a research article to find the key components of a quantitative research project
- "Parse" a data graphic and explain how its structure relates to a measurable RQ
- "Interpret" a data graphic and explain what answer it provides for the measurable RQ

#### 1. Is an article from a reliable source?

#### **Group discussion**

- What are some ways to find articles on a topic?
- What are some ways to tell whether the articles you find are from a reliable source?

#### 1. Is an article from a reliable source?

#### Debriefing

Some good ways to find articles:

- Google Scholar through UNC Libraries
  - Can filter your search
  - Can see who cites a particular source
  - UNC version often lets you click through to the article (if not, try via <u>library catalog search</u>)
- Other databases through UNC Libraries
- Any other tips?

#### 1. Is an article from a reliable source?

#### Debriefing

Some ways to evaluate your source

- Is the journal peer-reviewed?
  - See example on outline from last class
- Does the journal have a good reputation?
  - Impact factor → not always that helpful in linguistics
  - Q1 or at least Q2 ("first/second quartile") in <u>SCImago Journal Rank (SJR)</u>
  - Professional judgment (ask me!)

The typical sections in a scientific article

How do they relate to the "steps of the scientific method"?

- Abstract
- Introduction / Background / Previous Studies
- Experiment *n* (repeat as needed)
  - Methodology: Participants, materials, etc.
  - Results and Discussion
- General Discussion / Conclusion / Implications

 What are some useful tips for reading / approaching / getting information from a research article?

#### A. Get a **general overview** of the article

 Overview of the research questions, the author's position, and the experiment's results

(Where in the article can we look for these?)

Preview of the structure of the article

(What is a useful way to do this?)

#### A. Get a **general overview** of the article

- Overview of the research questions, the author's position, and the experiment's results
  - Abstract
  - General Discussion / Conclusion
- Preview of the structure of the article
  - Read all the section headings

- B. Understand the **context/motivation** of the study
  - What are the big-picture research questions?
  - Why are these questions worth asking? (What do we already know?)

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    - Introduction / Background / Previous Studies

# C. Understand the **structure** and **goals** of each **experiment**

- What are the measurable research questions?
- What are the hypotheses?
- How was the experiment designed, and why?
  Can you see any flaws or points of concern?

# C. Understand the **structure** and **goals** of each **experiment**

- What are the measurable research questions?
- What are the hypotheses?
- How was the experiment designed, and why?
  Can you see any flaws or points of concern?
  - Sections on each experiment (methodology)
  - Looking at the **structure** of how the **results** are **reported** often helps with this too!

#### D.Understand the **results** of each **experiment**

- What numerical results were found?
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#### D.Understand the **results** of each **experiment**

- What numerical results were found?
- How can the patterns in the data be summarized? → descriptive statistics / data graphics
- Are the patterns in the data unlikely to be a coincidence? → inferential statistics
  - Sections on each experiment (results)
  - Results should be presented with statistics

- E. Consider what the **results** of the experiments are supposed to show about the **research questions** 
  - What do the authors think the results mean?
  - Do you agree, or can you see an alternative interpretation?

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    - General Discussion / Conclusion / Implications

## 3. Understanding a data graphic

- When you want to understand or explain a data graphic, the first step is to "parse" it
  - What do the **axes** represent?
  - Are there different groups or conditions?
  - How does the structure of the graphic
    - the axes
    - any categories/groups/conditions
      relate to the structure of the experiment /
      the measurable research question(s)?
- Try it: <u>Yiakoumetti (2006)</u>, Fig. 2 (from PQ 09.05)

## 3. Understanding a data graphic

- When you want to understand or explain a data graphic, the next step is to "interpret" it
  - What do the authors want the audience to notice about the data graphic? (Comparisons?)
  - What **story** is told by the pattern we are supposed to notice?
  - How does the data graphic answer the measurable research question(s) of the study?

• Try it: <u>Yiakoumetti (2006)</u>, Fig. 2 (from PQ 09.05)

## 4. Upcoming

#### Next class, we will

- Review key points and themes covered so far
- Introduce the first-round case-study presentations assignment