

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Score: \_\_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_\_

## 09.16 Types of morphemes [11/17 to pass]

### Part 1

1

The following words of English exist:

- *dispose* 'to get rid of' (verb)
- *redisp**ose* 'to get rid of again' (verb)
- *dispos**al* 'the act of getting rid of something' (noun)

Based on this information, identify each of the following for the word ***redisposals*** 'more than one act of getting rid of something again' (noun).

You may wish to consult Table 4.6 and Table 4.15 in *CL* for information about common inflectional and derivational affixes in English.

- |  |                           |
|--|---------------------------|
| 1.   | A.                        |
| The root of <i>redisposals</i>   | -s                        |
| 2.   | B.                        |
| The base of -al  | <i>redisp</i> <i>ose</i>  |
| 3. A suffix  | C.                        |
|  | <i>dispos</i> <i>al</i>   |
| 4.   | D.                        |
| The base of <i>re</i> -  | <i>dispos</i> <i>e</i>    |
| 5. A derivational affix  | E.                        |
|  | <i>redisp</i> <i>osal</i> |
| 6. An inflectional affix   | F.                        |
|  | <i>re</i> -               |
| 7.   |                           |
| The base of -s   |                           |
| 8. A prefix  |                           |
| 9. A structure that is not actually a subpart of this word (the morphemes are combined in a different way than this) |                           |

2

**Accepted characters:** numbers, decimal point markers, sign indicators (-), spaces (e.g., as thousands separator, 5 000), "E" or "e" (used in scientific notation). **NOTE:** For scientific notation, a period **MUST** be used as the decimal point marker.

The English word *unlucky* contains \_\_\_\_ **morphemes**. The number of **free** morphemes in this word is \_\_\_\_ and the number of **bound** morphemes in this word is \_\_\_\_\_. The number of **derivational** affixes in this word is \_\_\_\_ and the number of **inflectional** affixes in this word is \_\_\_\_\_.

3

Observe these English data:

*\*the spoonfeed/\*a spoonfeed*

*I can spoonfeed*

*\*That is very spoonfeed/\*That is too spoonfeed*

The word category of *spoonfeed* (N, V, or A) is \_\_\_\_\_. This word is a compound, and the head of this compound is \_\_\_\_\_.

4

The word *transmission* has two meanings, 'the act of transmitting' and 'a particular part of a car's engine system'. Which of the following statements is more insightful?

- ☐ A.  
The meaning 'act of transmitting' is derived by a word-formation rule when the suffix *-(s)ion* is added, and the meaning 'car part' is stored as its own entry in the mental lexicon.
- ☐ B.  
The meaning 'car part' is derived by a word-formation rule when the suffix *-(s)ion* is added, and the meaning 'act of transmitting' is stored as its own entry in the mental lexicon.